



COMPUTER CONTROL USING HAND GESTURES

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ABSTRACT:

Using hand gestures as the system's input to control presentation, we are constructing a presentation controller in this paper. The OpenCV module is mostly utilized in this implementation to control the gestures. MediaPipe is a machine learning framework with a hand gesture detection technology that is available today. This system primarily employs a web camera to record or capture photos and videos, and this application regulates the system's presentation based on the input. The primary purpose of the system is to change its presentation slides, I also had access to a pointer that allowed me draw on slides, in addition to that erase. To operate a computer's fundamental functions, such as presentation control, we may utilize hand gestures. People won't have to acquire the often burdensome machine-like abilities as a result. These hand gesture systems offer a modern, inventive, and natural means of nonverbal communication. These systems are used widely in human-computer interaction. This project's purpose is to discuss a presentation control system based on hand gesture detection and hand gesture recognition. A high resolution camera is used in this system to recognize the user's gestures as input. The main objective of hand gesture recognition is to develop a system that can recognize human hand gestures and use that information to control a presentation. With real-time gesture recognition, a specific user can control a computer by making hand gestures in front of a system camera that is connected to a computer. With the aid of OpenCV Python and MediaPipe, we are creating a hand gesture presentation control system in this project. Without using a keyboard or mouse, this system can be operated with hand gestures.

1. INTRODUCTION:

Industry that is 4.0, also known as the Fourth Industrial revolution, calls for automation and computerization, which are realized through the convergence of various physical and digital technologies such as sensors, embedded systems, Artificial Intelligence (AI), Cloud Computing, Big Data, Adaptive Robotics, Augmented Reality, Additive Manufacturing (AM), and Internet of Things. The increased interconnectedness of digital technology's make it essential for us to carry out daily activities like working, shopping, communicating, having fun, and even looking for information and news. The use of technologies and improvements in human-machine interaction allow people to identify, communicate, and engage with one another using a wide variety of gestures. The gesture is a type of nonverbal communication or non vocal communication that makes use of the body's movement to express a specific message. The hand or face are the most frequently used portions of the body. The research has gravitated toward the new sort of Human- Computer Interaction (HCI) known as gesture-based interaction, which Krueger launched in the middle of the 1970s. Building application interfaces with controlling each human body part to communicate organically is a major focus of study in the field of human-computer interaction (HCI), with hands serving as the most practical alternative to other interaction tools given their capabilities. Recognizing hand movements using Human- Computer-Interaction (HCI) might aid in achieving the necessary ease and naturalness. Hand gestures serve the purpose of communicating



information when engaging with other individuals, encompassing both basic and complicated hand motions. For instance, we can point with our hands towards an item or at individuals, or we can convey basic hand shapes or motions using manual articulations in conjunction with sign languages' well-known syntax and lexicon. Therefore, employing hand gestures as a tool and integrating them with computers might enable more intuitive communication between individuals. To simplify things to anybody thus create Artificial Intelligence (AI) based apps, various frameworks or libraries have been developed for hand gesture detection. Media Pipe is one of them. For the purpose of employing machine learning techniques like Face Detection, Iris, Pose, Hands, , Hair segmentation Holistic, Box tracking, Object detection, Instant Motion Tracking, Face Mesh, KIFT, and Objection, Google has created the media pipe framework. Few benefits for employing media pipe framework's showcases include helping programmer concentrate on model and algorithm creation for application and supporting application's environment via result repeatable all over multiple architecture and gadgets. To conduct different activities, such as seeking ahead and backward through slides, drawing and erasing in a presentation, the project employs hand gestures, often no of raised fingers inside the region of interest. The difficult component of this system is background movies or pictures that are recorded or captured while taking inputs, such as hand gestures from the user. Lightning may also sometimes affect the quality of the input obtained, which makes it difficult to recognize motions. Segmentation is the process of identifying a linked area of an image that has certain characteristics like color, intensity, and a relationship between pixels, or pattern. Additionally, have utilized some significant packages, like media pipe, TensorFlow, NumPy, and OpenCV-python.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY:

Hasan [17] applied multivariate Gaussian distribution to recognize hand gestures using nongeometric features. The input hand image is segmented using two different methods; skin color based segmentation by applying HSV color model and clustering based thresholding techniques. Some operations are performed to capture the shape of the hand to extract hand feature; the modified Direction Analysis Algorithm are adopted to find a relationship between statistical parameters (variance and covariance) from the data, and used to compute object (hand) slope and trend by finding the direction of the hand gesture. Form the resultant Gaussian function the image has been divided into circular regions

3. PROPOSED SYSTEM:

Most gesture recognition methods usually contain three major stages. The first stage is the object detection. The target of this stage is to detect hand objects in the digital images or videos. Many environment and image problems are needed to solve at this stage to ensure that the hand contours or regions can be extracted precisely to enhance the recognition accuracy. Common image problems contain unstable brightness, noise, poor resolution and contrast. The better environment and camera devices can effectively improve these problems. However, it is hard to control when the gesture recognition system is working in the real environment or is become a product. Hence, the image processing method is a better solution to solve these image problems to construct an adaptive and robust gesture recognition system. The second stage is object recognition. The detected hand objects are recognized to identify the gestures. At this stage, differentiated features and effective command line tools,[citation needed] or download MySQL front-ends from various parties that have developed desktop software and web applications to manage MySQL databases, build database structures, and work with data records. classifiers selection are a major issue in most researches. The third stage is to analyze sequential gestures to identify users' instructs or behaviors.

MediaPipe Framework:

For the recognition of hand gestures, there are several machine learning frameworks and tools available today. MediaPipe is among them. The MediaPipe is just a framework created to provide manufacturing-ready machine learning, which requires build infrastructure to execute inference above any sort of sensory information and has released code to go along with scientific work. The function of the media processor model, inference model and the data manipulation are all drawn from a perceptual pipeline in MediaPipe. Other machine learning systems like OpenCV 4.0, Tensor flow, PyTorch, MXNet, CNTK, also employ graphs of computations.

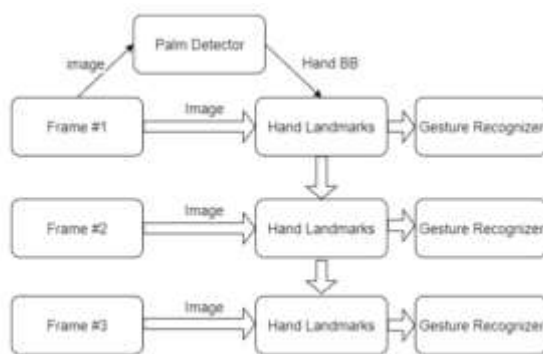


Fig -2: Overview of the Hand Perception Pathway

Two hand gesture recognition models are implemented by the MediaPipe of Figure 2 as follows:

1. A palm detecting described the basic the acquired picture and transforms the images with such an aligned object of a hand.
2. The hand landmark model processes an image with a clipped bounding box and produces 3D hands key points just on hands.
3. The gesture recognition system that organizes 3D hands key point into a distinct set of motions after classifying them.

Palm Detection Pattern:

The BlazePalm first palm detector was implemented inside the MediaPipe framework. The detection of the hand is a difficult process. In order to model the palm using square bounding boxes to prevent other aspect ratios and lowering the amount of hooks by the ratio of 3–5, non-maximum reduction method must first be trained on the palm rather than the hand detector. Finally, limit the focus loss during training with help from a huge number of anchoring caused by the high exist in a wide using encoder-decoder of image retrieval that is employed for larger scene context-awareness even for tiny objects. 3.4 Hand Landmark Accomplishes accurate crucial point clustering of 21 main points with only a 3D touch coordinates that is done within the identified hand areas and immediately generates the coordinates predictor that is a representation of hand landmarks within MediaPipe.

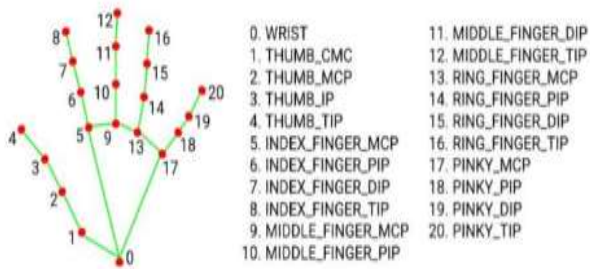


Fig -3: MediaPipe Hand Landmark

Every touch of a landmark had already coordinate is constituted of x, y, and z in which x and y have been adjusted to [0.0, 1.0] besides image width and length, while z portrayal the complexity of landmark. A depth of the ancestral landmark, which is located at the wrist. The value decreases the more away the landmark is from the camera.

System Architecture and Methodology

The code for this project was created in the python language utilizing the OpenSv and NumPy packages. In this work, the libraries that will be utilized for further input and output processing are initially imported. MediaPipe, OpenCV and NumPy are the libraries that are utilized in this project and that need to be imported. Video inputs come from in out main camera. To recognize the video as input from our camera, mediapipe is now being utilized, and the mphand.hands module is being used to detect the gesture. Then, in order to access the presentation, we utilized pointer. The input picture must next be converted to an RGB image to finish the input processing. Then it's your chance to specify the thumb and finger points in input. NumPy is utilized to transform this process needed output. presentation is handled using the hand range in this procedure. The Python language's NumPy library is essential for computing. It includes a variety of elements:

1. effective N-dimensional array
2. Object broadcast and C integration tools
3. Capability for the Fourier analysis and pseudo random

Identifying Hand Gesture by MediaPipe:

Across platforms including Android, iOS, the web, edge devices, and many applicable ML pipelines, MediaPipe is a module for processing video, audio, and various sorts of related data. With the use of this module, a variety of tasks may be completed

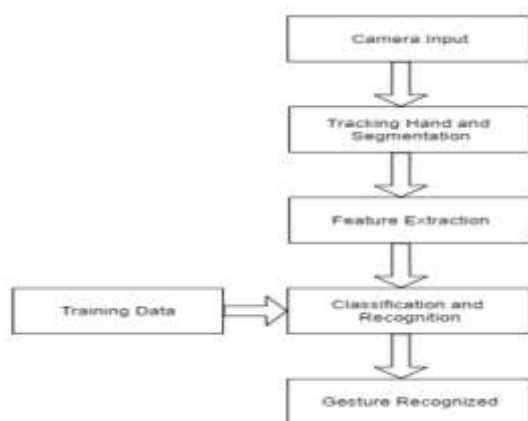


Fig -4: System Architecture

In our project, we utilized it to identify hand gestures and 1. Multi-hand Monitoring 2. Facial Recognition 3. Segmentation 4. object tracking 5. object detection In order to generate a better result, we have implemented a Hand Gestures Recognition System. The webcam is turned on while the software is running, and the kind of gesture used to detect the shape of the hand and give us the desired output is static. This project uses the curve of the hand to regulate loudness. The system receives input, captures the item, detects it, and then recognizes hand gestures.

NumPy

A Python package called Open CV addresses the problem of PC vision. It is utilized for face detection, which is carried out utilizing machine learning. It is a highly significant library that is used in several applications to identify various frames and detect faces. It also supports a number of programming languages. Additionally, it carries out motion and object detection. It may be used to recognize the faces of animals and supports a different operating system.

TensorFlow

Google developed TensorFlow, a framework that enables programmers to use "novel optimizations and training algorithms" for defining, developing, and using various machine learning models. The machine learning algorithms of TensorFlow may be thought of as directed or computational graphs. Each node in such a network denotes an operation, and the edges (tensors) indicate the data that moves between the operations. In order to generate a better result, we have implemented a Hand Gestures Recognition System. TensorFlow's model was modified in the library to only return necessary points on the body. PoseNet is used by the pose estimation program to locate joints on the human body. The TensorFlow posture estimation library contains PoseNet, a pre-trained model that uses computer vision to predict a person's bodily joints [. Seven joints in the body are given coordinates with numbers ranging from 0 to TensorFlow has demonstrated the ability to offer solutions for object recognition using photos and may be used to train huge datasets to recognize specific things. TensorFlow also features a library that the user might just save or reload as needed. This enables users to save the checkpoints with the highest evaluation score and makes it reusable for unsupervised learning or model fine tuning.

4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION:

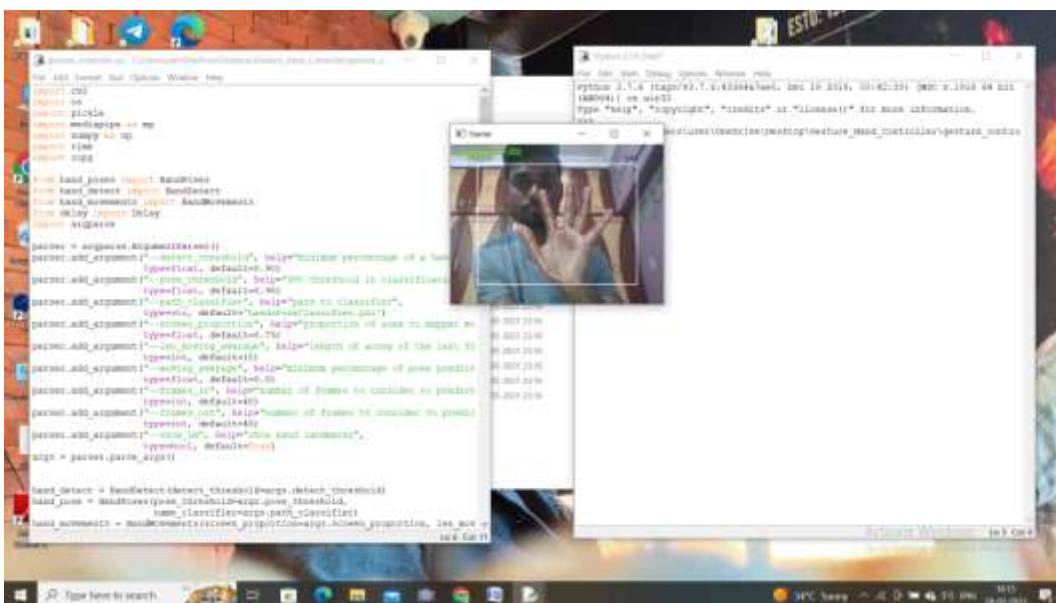


Fig-5 Hands Gesture to initially recognize Hand

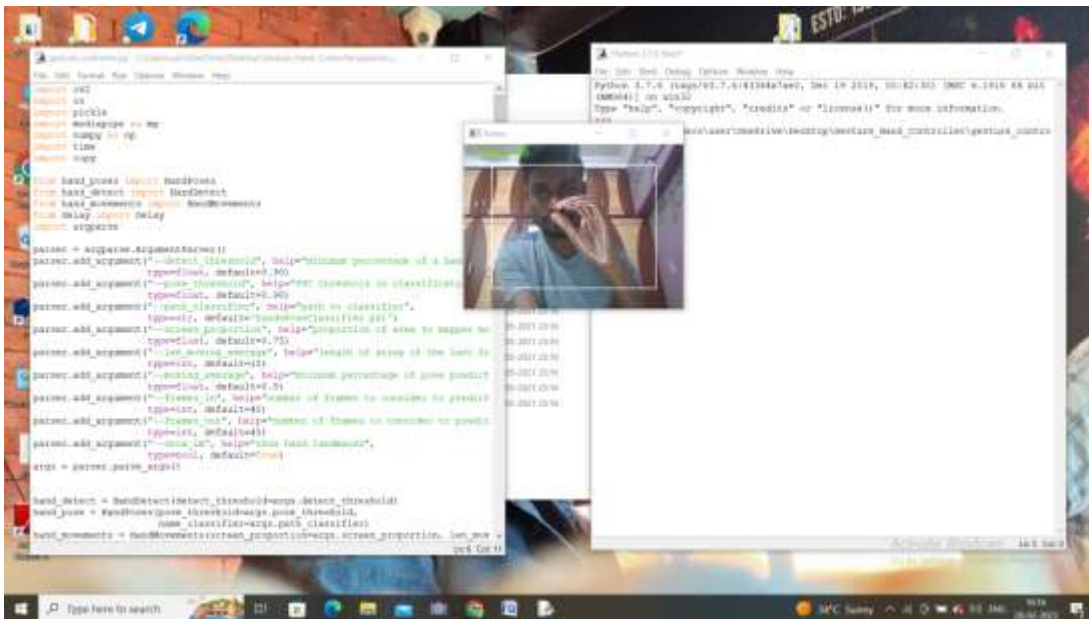


Fig-6 Hand Gesture For Controlling Gesture

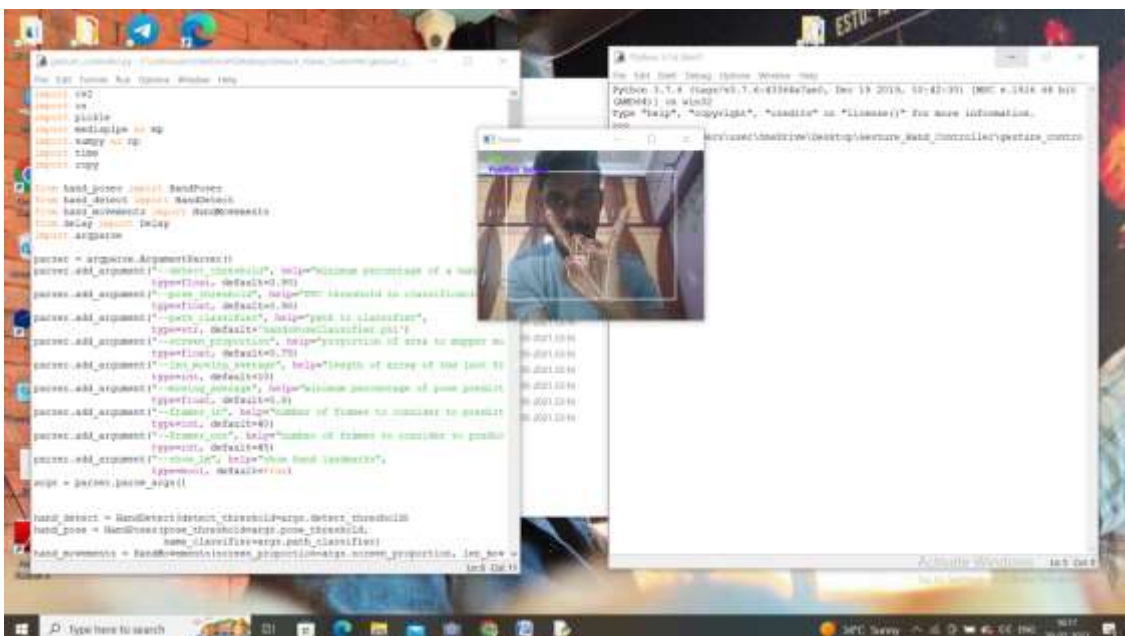


Fig-7 Hand Gesture for fixing the pointer on screen

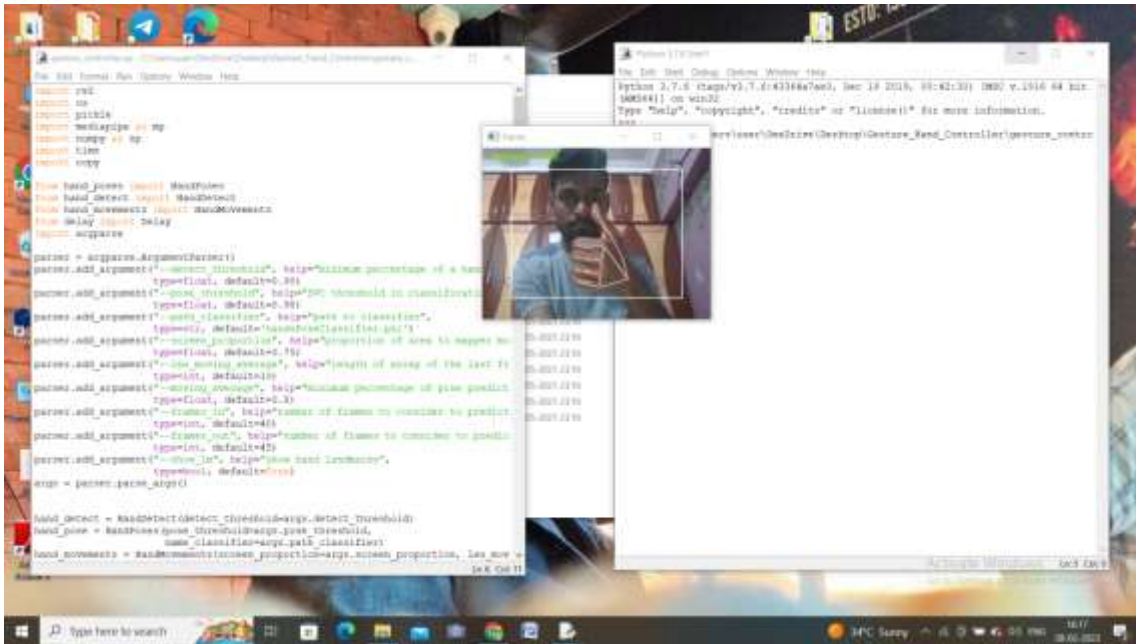


Fig-8 Hand Gesture for Right Click

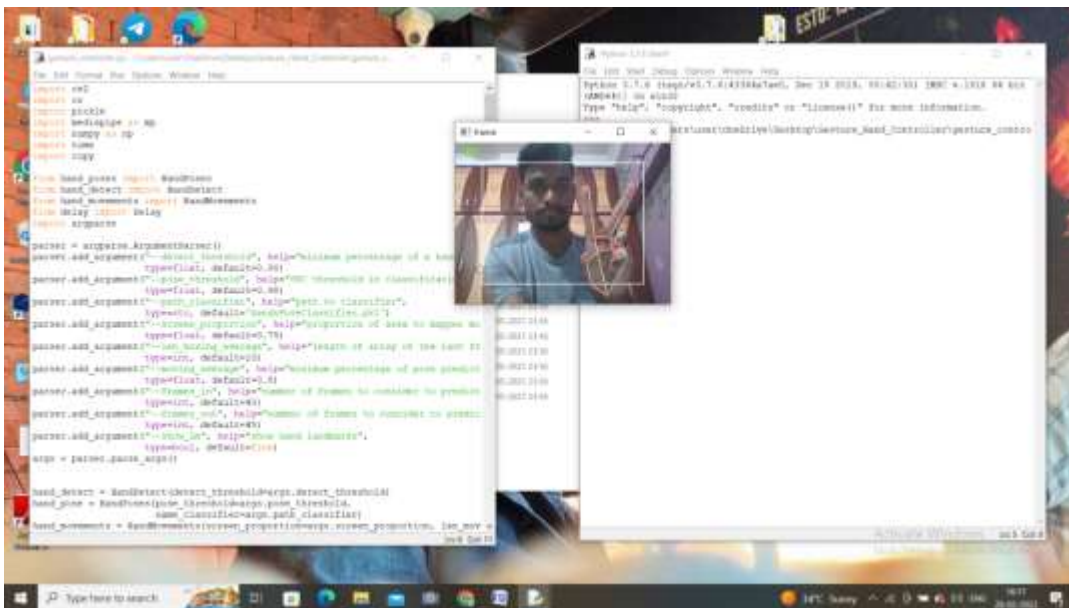


Fig-9 Hans Gesture for Scrolling Up

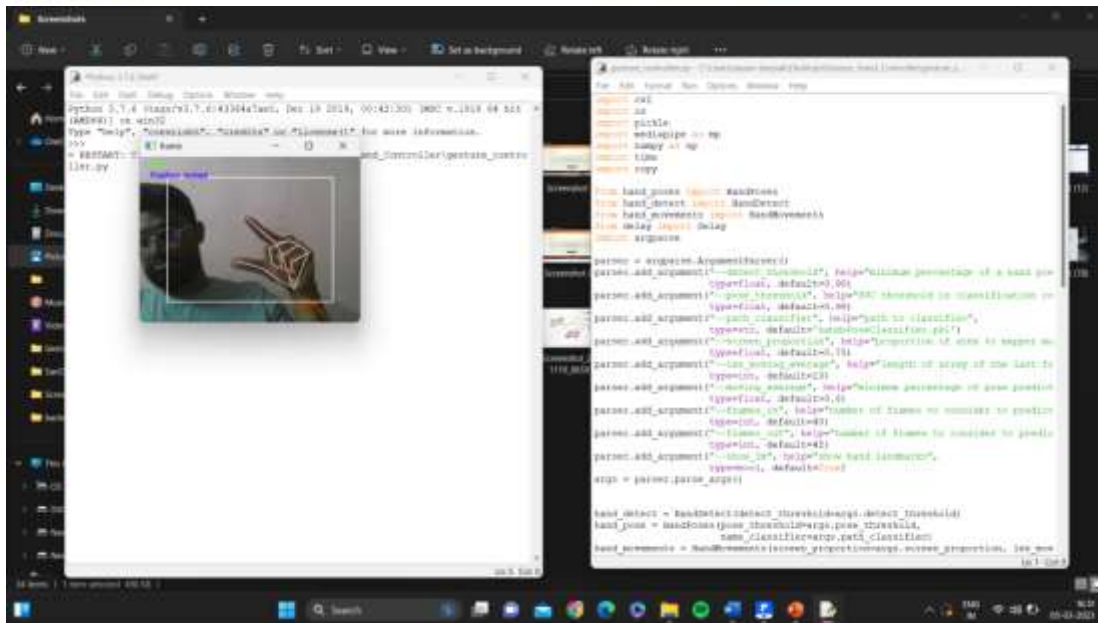


Fig-10 Hand Gesture for Zoom in and Zoom out

This project showcases a program that enables hand gestures as a practical and simple method of software control. A gesture-based presentation controller doesn't need any special markers, and it can be used in real life on basic PCs with inexpensive cameras since it doesn't need particularly high quality cameras to recognize or record the hand movements. The method keeps track of the locations of each hand's index finger and counter tips. This kind of system's primary goal is to essentially automate system components so that they are easy to control. As a result, we have employed this method to make the system simpler to control with the aid of these applications in order to make it realistic.

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