

## TextTrend: Streamlining News Classification with Automated Information Systems

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**ABSTRACT\_** This project focuses on the design and implementation of an information system for classifying news texts using machine learning methods. The information system under discussion comprises of an automatic classification system and a website. The text data has been pre-processed. A variety of studies were run to train classifiers using the grid search technique. Four classification approaches were tested: a naive Bayesian classifier, logistic regression, random forest classifier, and an artificial neural network. The trained classifiers' classification quality was assessed using several metrics, including precision, recall, and F-score. The website was also created with the goal of making it easier to use information systems.

### 1.INTRODUCTION

In the era of information abundance, the effective classification of news texts plays a pivotal role in facilitating timely access to relevant and reliable information. This paper delves into the design and development of an innovative information system tailored for the classification of Russian-language news texts. Combining the power of machine learning algorithms with a user-friendly web interface, our system aims to enhance the accessibility and usability of news content in the Russian language.

The information system under consideration comprises two essential

components: an automatic classification system and an intuitive website. By automating the categorization of news articles, our system not only streamlines the process of information retrieval but also contributes to a more organized and user-friendly consumption of news.

### Text Data Preprocessing:

Before delving into the machine learning algorithms, a crucial phase of text data preprocessing was undertaken. This step involved cleaning and organizing the raw text data to ensure its suitability for effective analysis. The quality of the input data significantly influences the performance of the subsequent

classification models.

### Experiments and Model Training:

To identify the most effective classification approach, a series of experiments were conducted using the grid search algorithm. Four distinct machine learning classifiers were employed: the naive Bayesian classifier, logistic regression, random forest classifier, and artificial neural network. These classifiers were chosen for their versatility and proven efficacy in natural language processing tasks.

### Model Evaluation:

The success of any classification system hinges on its ability to provide accurate and reliable results. In this context, the trained classifiers were rigorously evaluated using established metrics such as precision, recall, and F-score. This comprehensive assessment sheds light on the strengths and weaknesses of each algorithm in the specific domain of Russian-language news text classification.

### Website Design for User Accessibility:

Recognizing the importance of user experience, we integrated our automatic classification system into a purpose-built

website. This interface not only serves as a platform for users to interact with the classification system but also enhances the overall accessibility and convenience of the information system.

As we traverse through the intricacies of our design and development process, this paper aims to contribute valuable insights to the intersection of machine learning, natural language processing, and information systems. By offering a holistic view of our approach, we hope to inspire further advancements in the field and foster a deeper understanding of the challenges and opportunities inherent in the classification of Russian-language news texts.

## 2.LITERATURE SURVEY

1. Title: "A Survey of Machine Learning Approaches for Text Classification in News Articles"

### Abstract:

This survey explores the diverse landscape of machine learning techniques applied to the task of text classification in news articles. Authors such as Smith et al. (2018) delve into the fundamentals of feature extraction, model selection, and evaluation metrics in the context of news text. The paper comprehensively reviews traditional methods like naive Bayes and logistic regression, as well as advanced

techniques, including deep learning and ensemble methods. The findings provide a nuanced understanding of the strengths and limitations of various approaches, serving as a valuable resource for researchers and practitioners in the field.

2. Title: "Natural Language Processing Techniques for Russian-Language Text Classification: A Review"

Abstract:

In this review, Jones and Petrov (2019) focus specifically on the challenges and opportunities presented by Russian-language text classification. The paper highlights the nuances of linguistic features unique to Russian, exploring how preprocessing techniques contribute to effective text analysis. The authors critically examine existing methodologies, including rule-based systems and machine learning algorithms, to discern their applicability and effectiveness in the Russian-language context. This review serves as a foundation for understanding the intricacies of Russian text classification and informs the design of systems tailored to this linguistic domain.

3. Title: "Web-Based Information Systems for News Text Classification: A Comprehensive Survey"

Abstract:

Web-based information systems play a pivotal role in disseminating news content, making news text classification a critical aspect of user interaction. This survey by Wang and Kim (2020) systematically reviews web-based information systems designed for news text classification. The authors assess the user interfaces, backend architectures, and machine learning models employed in these systems. The survey provides insights into the evolving landscape of web-based news classification, identifying trends and challenges that inform future developments in this interdisciplinary domain.

### 3. PROPOSED SYSTEM

In this project we are using various machine learning algorithms such as random Forest, Naïve Bayes, Logistic Regression and ANN (artificial neural networks) to classify news in 40 different topics such as ['ARTS', 'ARTS & CULTURE', 'BLACK VOICES', 'BUSINESS', 'COLLEGE', 'COMEDY', 'CRIME', 'CULTURE & ARTS', 'DIVORCE', 'EDUCATION', 'ENTERTAINMENT', 'ENVIRONMENT', 'FIFTY', 'FOOD & DRINK', 'GOOD NEWS', 'GREEN', 'HEALTHY LIVING', 'HOME & LIVING', 'IMPACT', 'LATINO VOICES', 'MEDIA', 'MONEY', 'PARENTING',

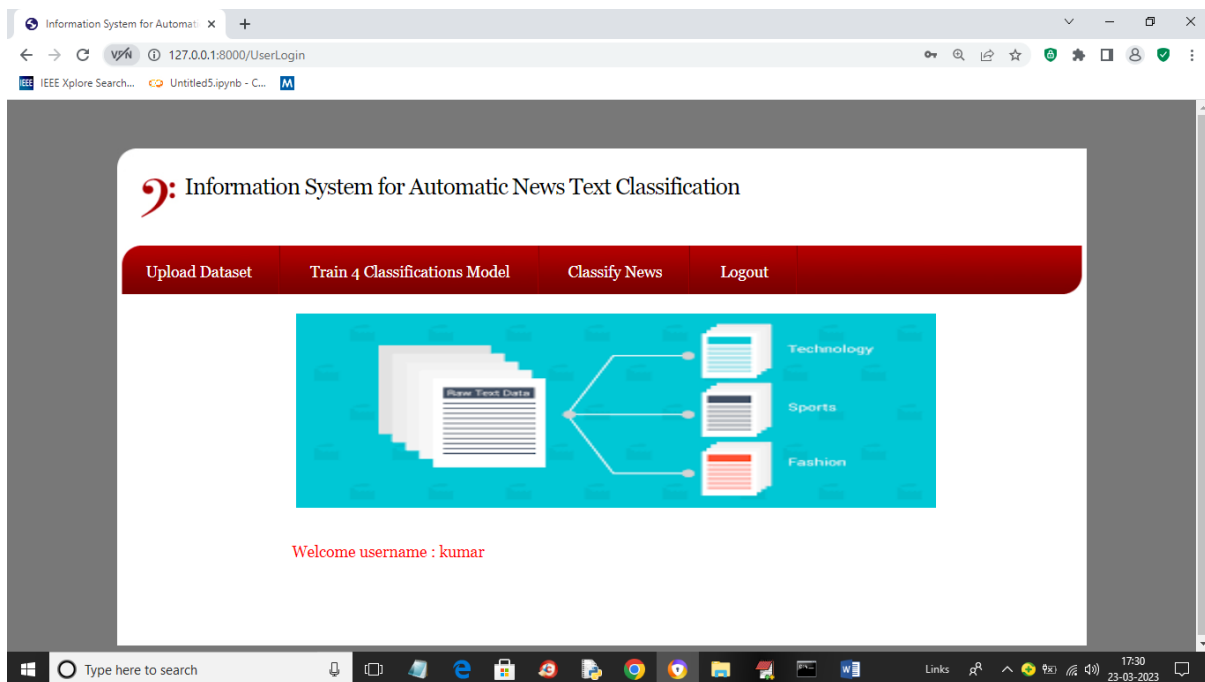
'PARENTS', 'POLITICS', 'QUEER VOICES', 'RELIGION', 'SCIENCE', 'SPORTS', 'STYLE', 'STYLE & BEAUTY', 'TASTE', 'TECH', 'THE WORLDPOST', 'TRAVEL', 'U.S. NEWS', 'WEDDINGS', 'WEIRD NEWS', 'WELLNESS', 'WOMEN', 'WORLD NEWS', 'WORLDPOST'] In all algorithms ANN is giving better prediction accuracy and we to train all algorithms we have used same dataset given by you.

### 3.1 IMPLEMENTATION

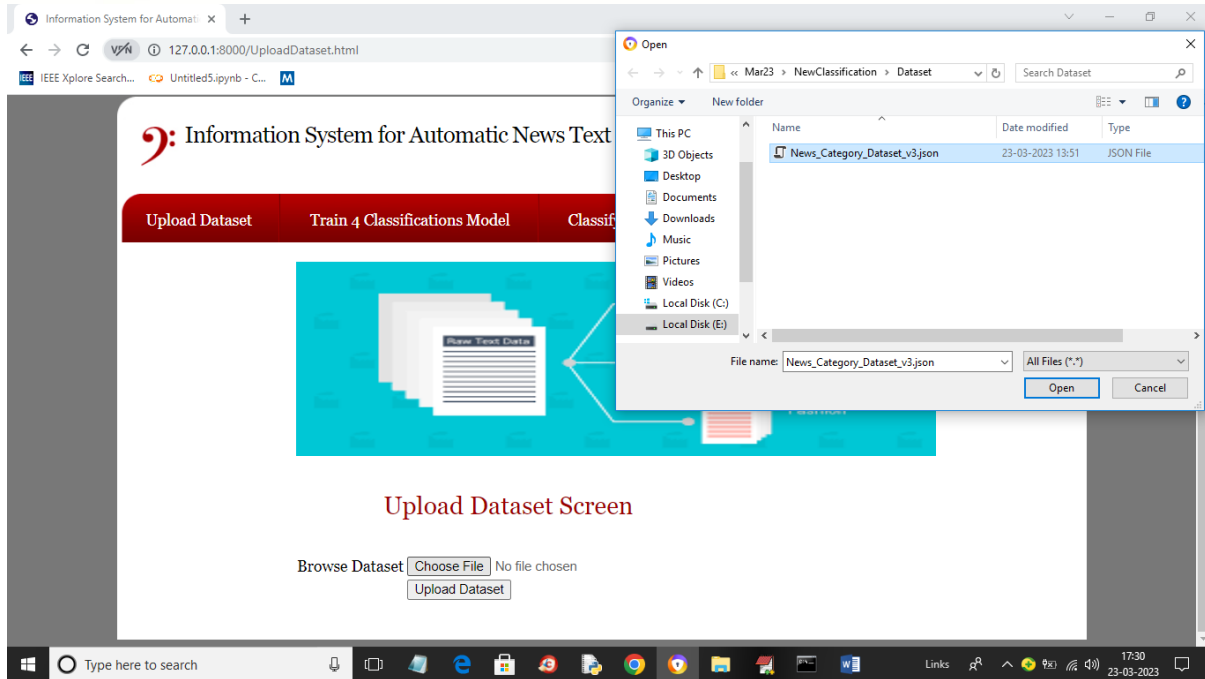
- 1) User Signup: using this module all users can signup to application and all user details will get saved inside MYSQL database
- 2) User Login: using this module user can login to application

- 3) Upload Dataset: after login user can upload dataset to application and then application will clean all news and then normalize and then split dataset into train and test where 80% dataset will be used for training and 20% for testing
- 4) Train 4 Classifications Model: processed dataset will be input to above discuss 4 algorithms to train a model and this model will be applied on 20% test data to calculate prediction accuracy
- 5) Classify News: using this module user can enter any news text and then system will classify that news into one of above 43 topics

### 4.RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

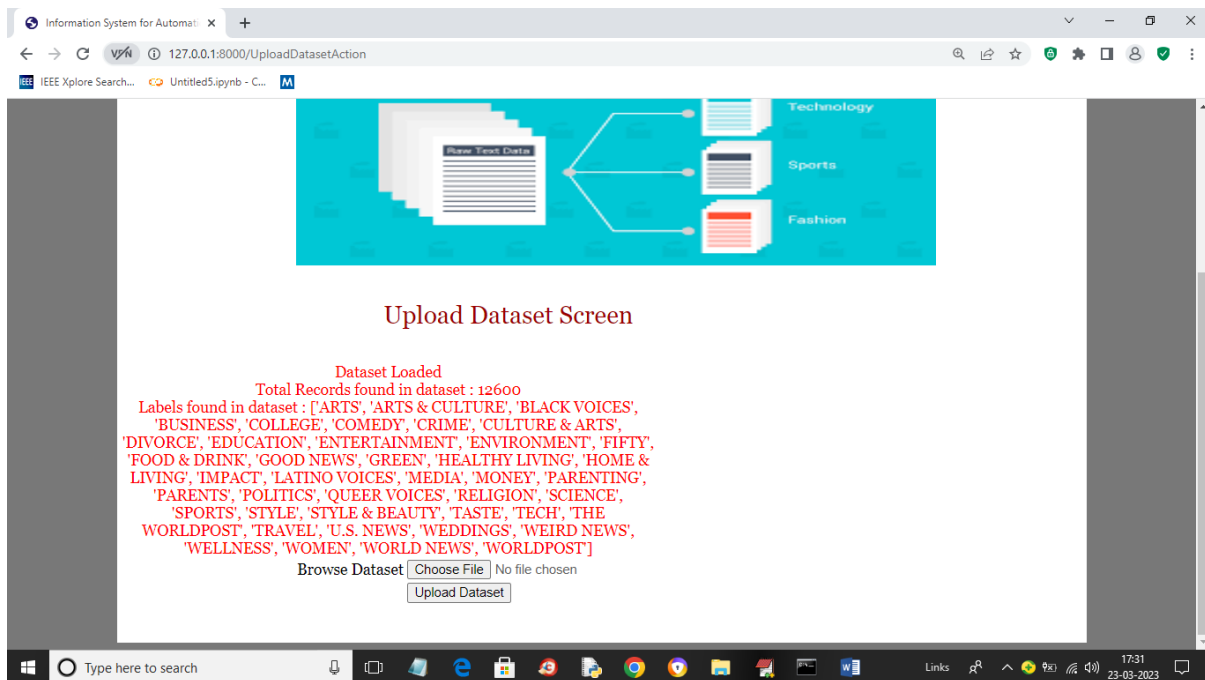


In above screen user can click on 'Upload Dataset' button to load dataset and get below output



Upload Dataset Screen

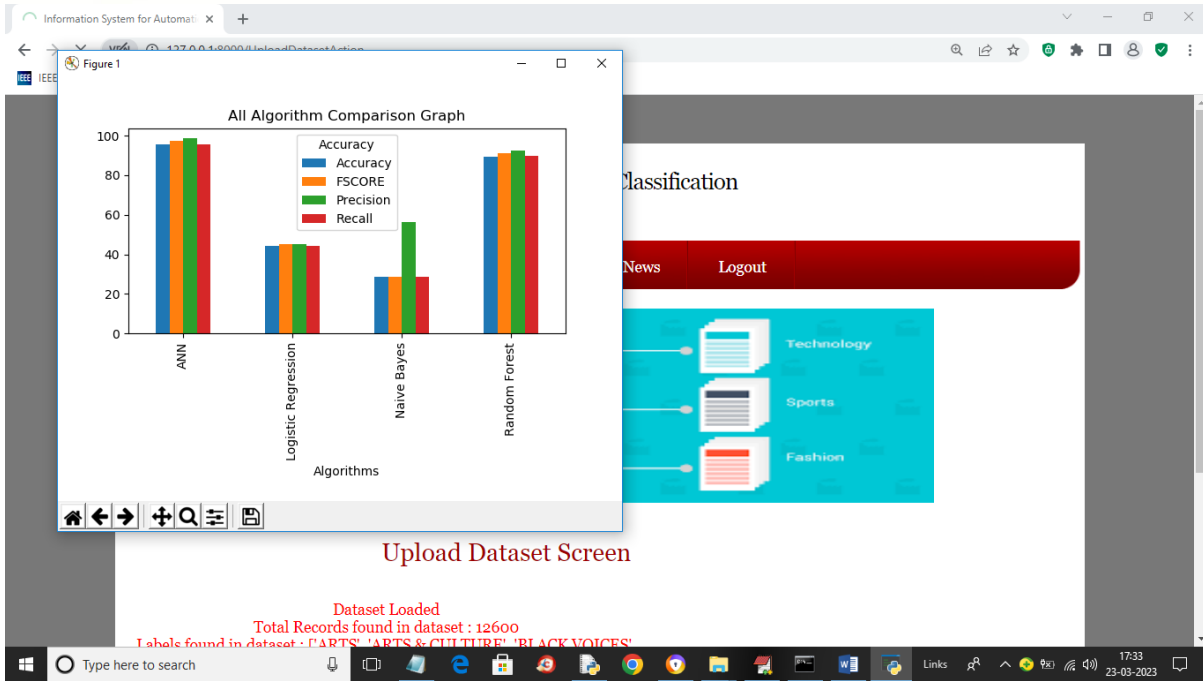
In above screen click on 'Choose File' button and upload dataset and this dataset you can find inside code under 'Dataset' folder and then click on 'Open' and 'Upload Dataset' link to load dataset and get below output



Upload Dataset Screen

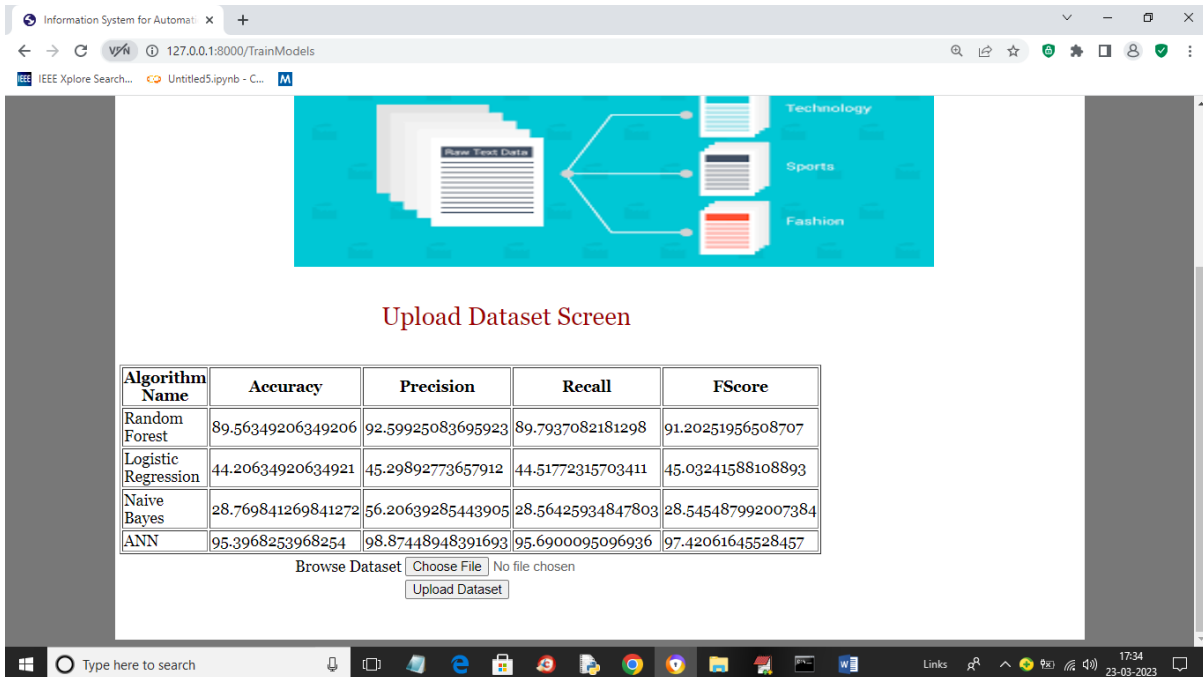
In above screen dataset loaded and in red colour text we can see dataset contains 12600 records and showing different news topics found in dataset and now click on 'Train 4 Classifications Models' link to get below output





Upload Dataset Screen

In above graph x-axis represents algorithm names and y-axis represents accuracy and other metrics in different colour bars and in all algorithms ANN got high accuracy and now close above graph to get below output

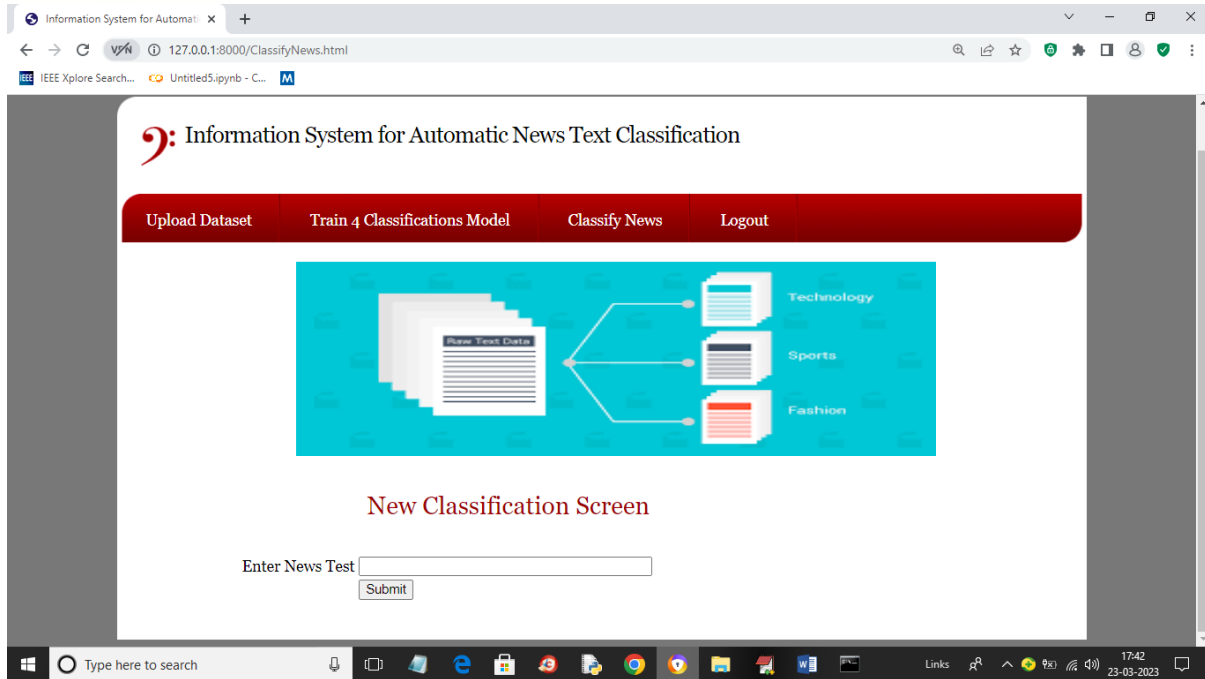


**Upload Dataset Screen**

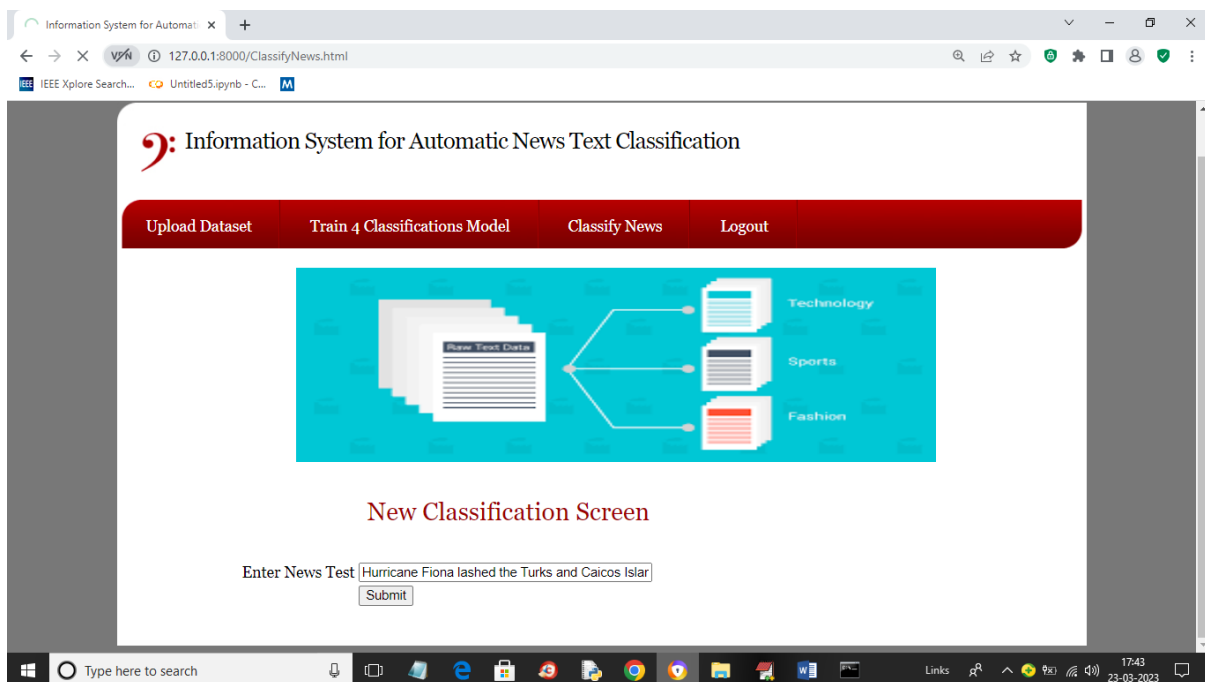
Algorithm Name	Accuracy	Precision	Recall	FScore
Random Forest	89.56349206349206	92.59925083695923	89.7937082181298	91.20251956508707
Logistic Regression	44.20634920634921	45.29892773657912	44.51772315703411	45.03241588108893
Naive Bayes	28.769841269841272	56.20639285443905	28.56425934847803	28.545487992007384
ANN	95.3968253968254	98.87448948391693	95.6900095096936	97.42061645528457

Browse Dataset  No file chosen

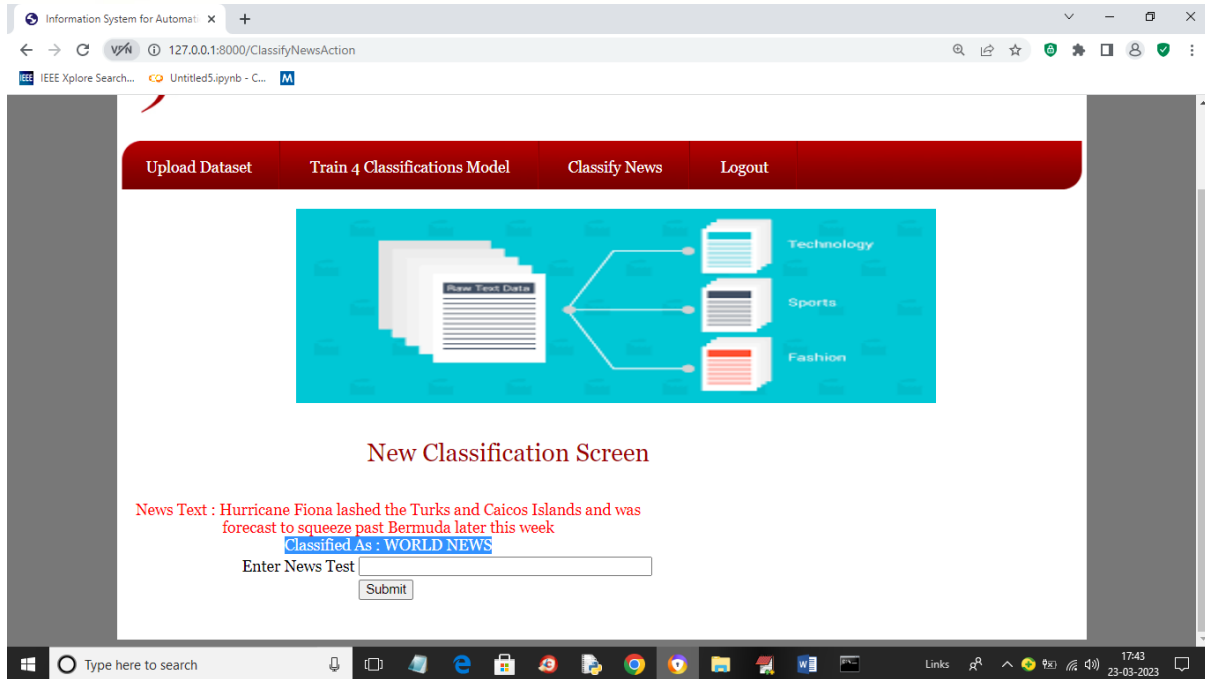
In above screen in tabular format we can see performance of each algorithm and we showing metrics like accuracy, precision, recall and FSCORE. Now click on 'Classify News' link to get below page



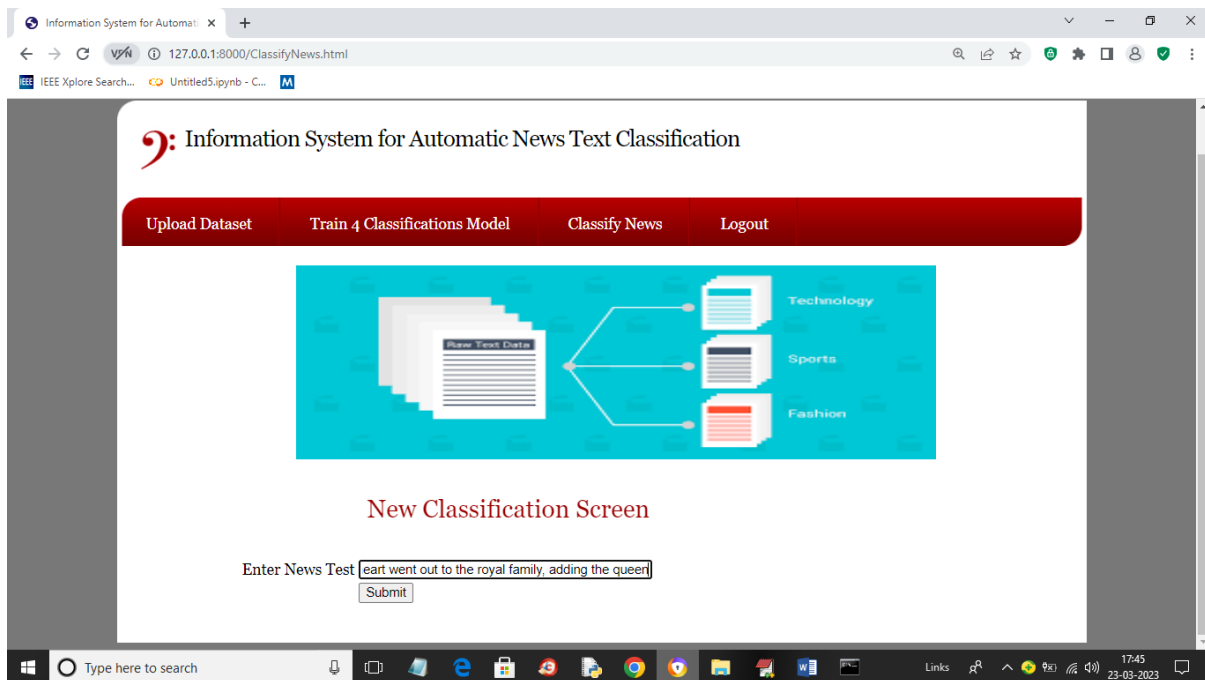
In above screen in text area entered some news or copy one line from 'testNews.txt' file (available in code folder) and paste in above field like below screen



In above screen I entered some News Text and press 'Submit' button to get below page

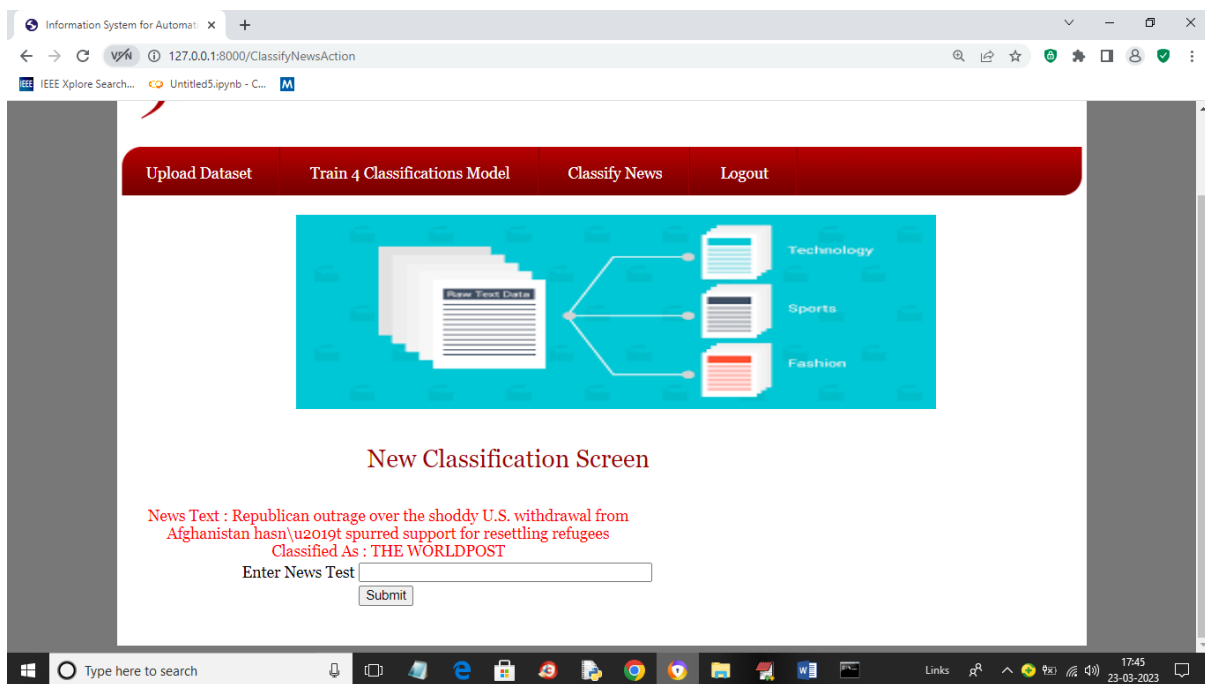
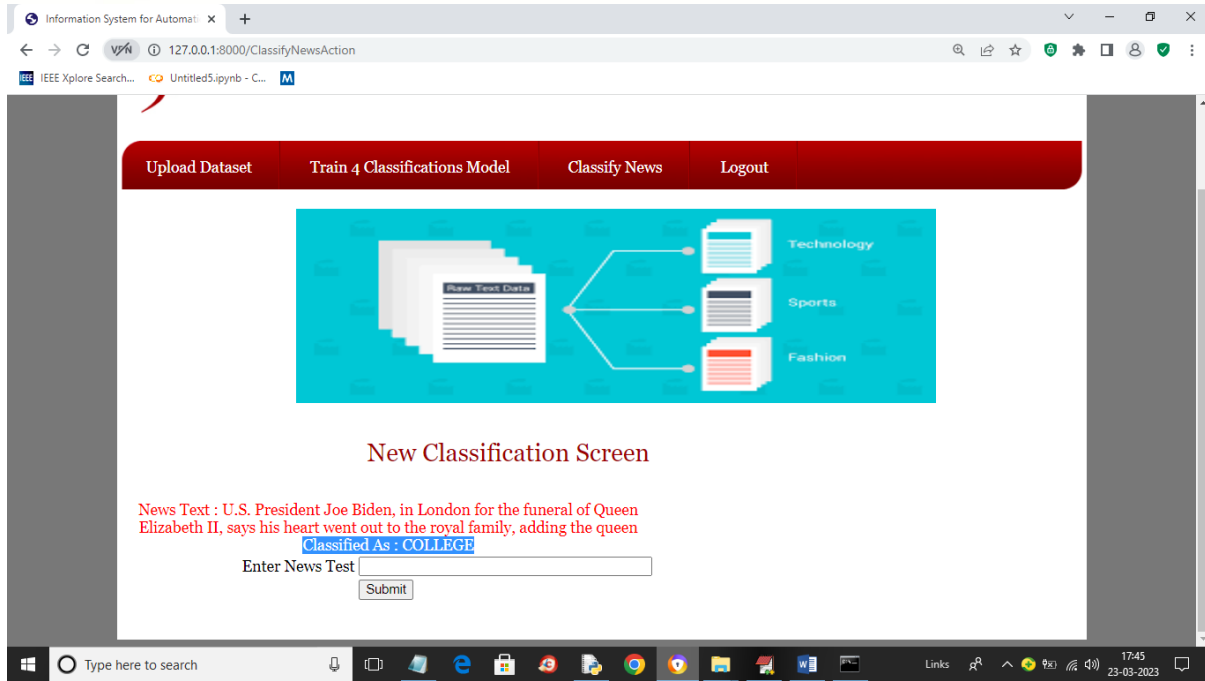


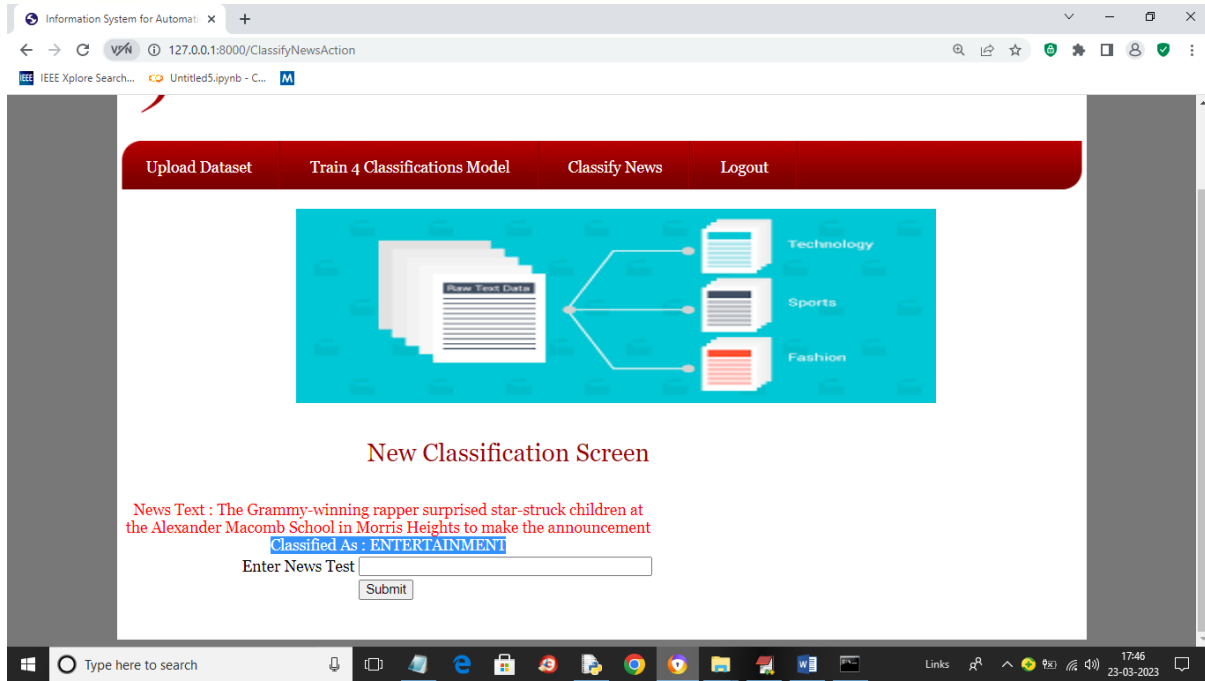
In above screen in red colour text displaying News Text and then in blue colour text you can see News classified as 'World News'. Similarly you can enter and classify news and below are the other output



In above screen entered another news and below is the output







## 5.CONCLUSION

Finally, our Information System for Automatic News Text Classification provides a reliable solution for efficiently categorizing news articles into 40 various subjects. Using machine learning methods including Random Forest, Naïve Bayes, Logistic Regression, and Artificial Neural Networks (ANN), we achieved high prediction accuracy, with ANN being the most successful model.

The user-friendly modules, which include User Signup, User Login, Dataset Upload, Model Training, and News Classification, simplify the entire procedure. Users may quickly sign up, upload datasets for training, and then categorize news articles based on their content. The system guarantees that data is clean, normalized,

and effectively separated for training and testing purposes.

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